

**WEBINAR SERIES** 

### Demystifying Investment Options in Common 401(k) Plans

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# Meet Our Team

### **Patrick Moss**

Wealth Management Advisor





### What Is a 401(k) and How Does It Work?



#### **Understanding a 401(k)**

- A retirement savings account offered by employers
- Pre-tax contributions
- Employers often offer matching contributions



#### **Set Up Your Account**

- Create login credentials
- Selecting beneficiary designations
- Configure preferences



### **Choose Your Investments**

- Evaluate fund options
- Consider risk tolerance
- Align choices with long-term

### What Are the Different Types of Retirement Plans?

#### **Traditional 401(k) accounts**

Allow employees to contribute pre-tax dollars, reducing their taxable income while savings grow tax-deferred until withdrawal during retirement.

### Roth 401(k) plans

Accept after-tax contributions, leading to tax-free withdrawals in retirement.

#### **SIMPLE IRAs**

Designed for small businesses, offer lower contribution limits but simpler administrative requirements.

### SEP IRAs and Solo 401(k)s

Ideal for sole proprietors. Potentially for high contribution limits.



### **Understanding 401(k) Investment Options**



#### **Investment Options**

**Self-Directed:** Manage your own investments **Managed Portfolio:** Professional management

### **Fund Types**

Mutual Funds Index Funds Bond Funds Foreign Funds

### **Cap Sizes in Investments**

Large: \$10B-\$200B (Apple Inc.) Mid: \$2B-\$10B (Roku) Small: \$250M-\$2B (JetBlue Airways)

### Self-Directed Portfolio

Your Money Your Rules

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### **Choose Your Own Mix:**

This gives you the autonomy to make your own investment decisions within the employer-provided options.

#### **Balance Portfolio:**

Instead of relying on professional money managers, individuals choose their own investments, which may include individual stocks, bonds, mutual funds, exchangetraded funds (ETFs), and other securities.

### **Pros and Cons**

### Reasons for Choosing Self-Directed Portfolio in a 401(k) Plan

Control and flexibility

Cost savings

Customization

Educational opportunities

### **Pitfalls**

Neglecting to rebalance your portfolio Failure to stay updated on financial goals Emotional decisions

Requires time and ongoing management





### **Managed Portfolio**

Leverage Expertise of Professional Money Managers Built Around Your 401(k) Plan

### **Professional Attention:**

Offers a form of active management based on market analysis. It is consistently updated and reallocated to ensure an appropriate balance in market returns. Ideal for those needing tailored financial management.

### **Comprehensive Strategy:**

Choose a portfolio that considers workplace savings, comfort with the ups and downs of the markets, financial goals, investment horizon, and other retirement sources (IRAs, pensions, stock plans).



### **Pros and Cons**

### Reasons for Choosing Managed Portfolio in a 401(k) Plan

Experienced portfolio managers Convenience Diversification Risk management

### **Pitfalls**

Fees and cost Delegation Performance uncertainty

### **Comparing Investments**

The Right Fit for Your Goals

### **Expense Ratios**

- Each fund has its underlying expense
- Ensure you get what you're paying for

### **Assessing Historical Returns**

• Evaluate returns over 3, 5, and 10 years

### **Your Time Horizon**

- No guarantees with the stock market
- Assess how far you are from your goals
- Determine allocation strategy:
  - o Conservative
  - Moderate
  - $\circ$  Aggressive



### Fund Types Offered in 401(k)s

Mutual funds, the most common investment in 401(k) plans, range from conservative to aggressive.

### **Conservative Fund**

Avoids risk, sticking with high-quality bonds and other safe investments.

#### Value Fund

In the middle of the risk range and invests primarily in solid, stable companies that are undervalued.

### **Specialized Fund**

Concentration on a specific industry or market.

### **Aggressive Growth Fund**

Always looking for the next Apple (AAPL) but may find the next Enron instead.

#### **Balanced Fund**

May add a few more risky equities to a mix of mostly value stocks and safe bonds, or vice versa.

#### **Target Date Fund**

Based on your expected retirement date.



# How Target Date Funds Work

#### **Benefits:**

Easy Diversification Low Hassle / Low Cost Middle Road Quality Pick a fund that matches your retirement date

Fund automatically reduces risk as you age

Stay on track for retirement





### **Strategies for Confident Investing**

#### **Consider Your Financial Goals**

For higher returns, consider investing more in stock funds.

### **Diversify**

May help increase long-term returns.

### **Assess Your Risk Tolerance**

Aim for a portfolio that grows and allows you to sleep at night.

### **Time Horizon**

Consider how much time you have to recover.

### **Time in the Market vs. Timing the Market**

Staying invested over time generally yields better returns than trying to time the market.

### **Investment Tools**



#### **Investment Risk Tolerance Quiz**

Risk profiles are used to determine the percentage of your portfolio exposed to equities. This quiz helps determine your risk profile.

#### **Retirement Nest Egg Calculator**

Do you know how much it takes to create a secure retirement? Use this calculator to help determine what size your retirement nest egg should be.

### 401(k) Contribution Effects on Your Paycheck Calculator

An employer-sponsored 401(k) can be a powerful tool. Use this calculator to see how increasing your contributions impacts your paycheck and retirement savings.

### **Questions That Come Up**

### How do I start a 401(k)?

If you work for a company that offers a 401(k) plan, contact the human resources or payroll specialist responsible for employee benefits.

### How much should I invest into my 401(k)?

Try to contribute enough to your 401(k) to at least maximize your employer's match.

### Potential risks in 401(k) investments?

Being too conservative, paying too much in fees, investment losses.

### Can you lose money in a 401(k)?

It's possible If the stock market crashes, the stock component of your portfolio will also go down in value.



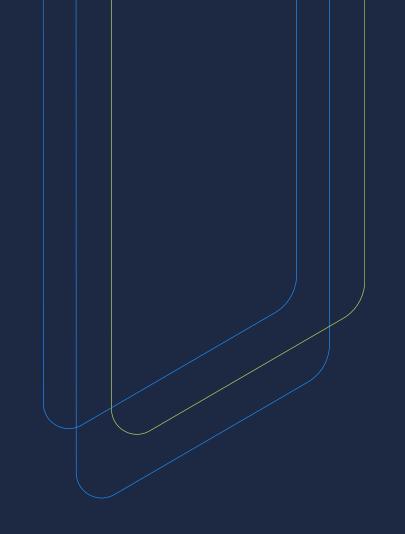


### **Investment Checklist**

- 1. 401(k) plans range from conservative to aggressive
- 2. Consider risk, age, and amount you'll need to retire
- 3. Be aware of funds with high fees
- 4. Be sure to diversify your investments to mitigate risk
- 5. At a minimum, maximize employer's match
- 6. Monitor and rebalance
- 7. Start saving early
- 8. Learn the basics

# Questions?

This webinar presentation will be shared with the attendees and available online at Slavic401k.com



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